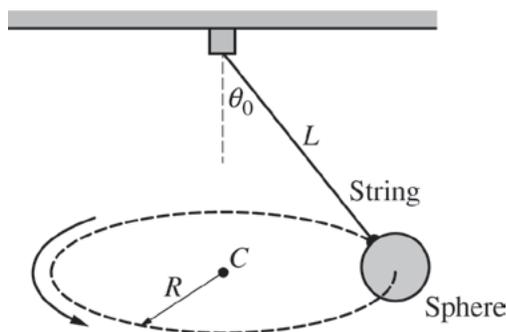


Section II: Free-Response Questions

The following are examples of the kinds of free-response questions found on the exam. Note that on the actual AP Exam, there will be one experimental design question, one quantitative/qualitative translation question, one paragraph argument short answer question, and two additional short answer questions.

FREE-RESPONSE QUESTION: QUANTITATIVE/QUALITATIVE TRANSLATION

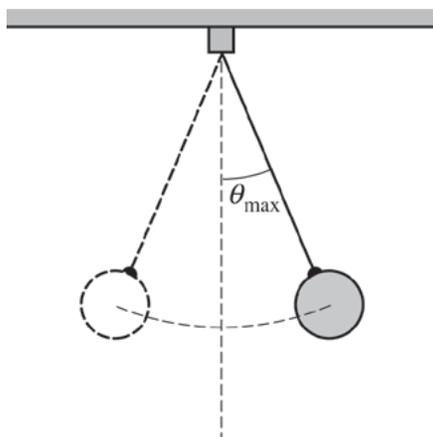


1. A small sphere of mass M is suspended by a string of length L . The sphere is made to move in a horizontal circle of radius R at a constant speed, as shown above. The center of the circle is labeled point C , and the string makes an θ_0 with the vertical.
 - (A) Two students are discussing the motion of the sphere and make the following statements.

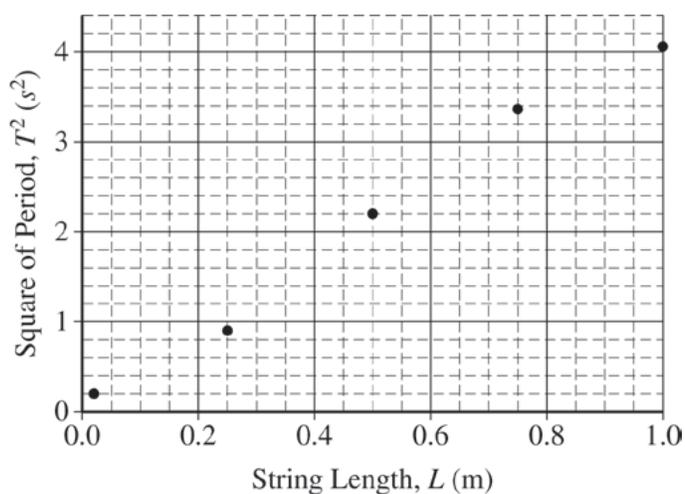
Student 1: None of the forces exerted on the sphere are in the direction of point C , the center of the circular path. Therefore, I don't see how there can be a centripetal force exerted on the sphere to make it move in a circle.

Student 2: I see another problem. The tension force exerted by the string is at an angle from the vertical. Therefore, its vertical component must be less than the weight Mg of the sphere. That means the net force on the sphere has a downward vertical component, and the sphere should move downward as well as moving around in a circle.

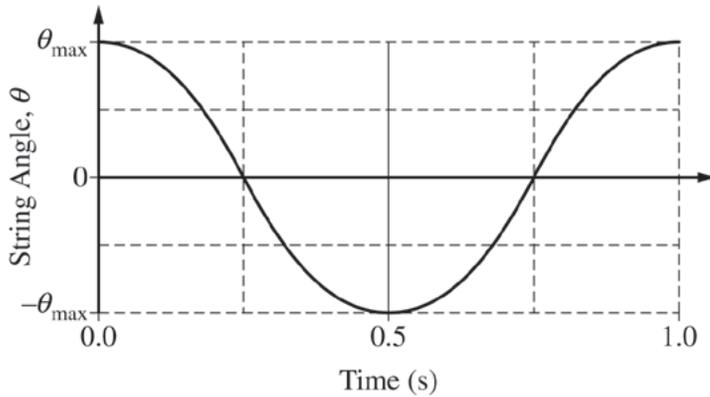
 - i. What is one aspect of Student 1's reasoning that is incorrect?
 - ii. What is one aspect of Student 2's reasoning that is incorrect?
 - (B)
 - i. Derive an equation for the magnitude of the net force exerted on the sphere. Express your answer in terms of M , θ , and physical constants, as appropriate.
 - ii. Describe one aspect or step in your derivation of part (b)(i) that can be correctly linked to your answer to either part (a)(i) or part (a)(ii).



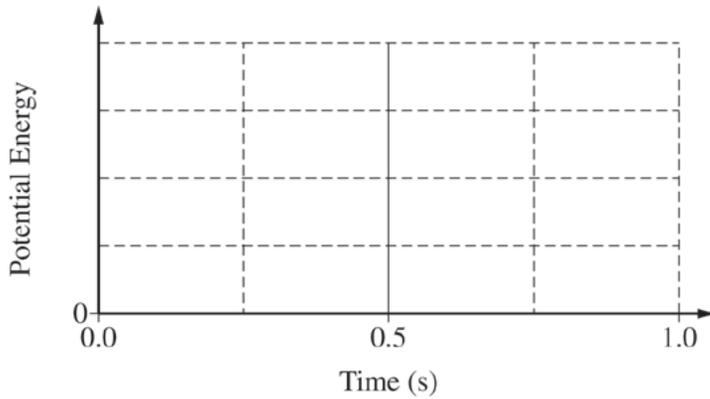
Instead of moving in a horizontal circle, the sphere now moves in a vertical plane so that it is a simple pendulum, as shown above. The maximum angle θ_{\max} that the string makes from the vertical can be assumed to be small. The graph below shows data for the square of the pendulum period T as a function of string length L .



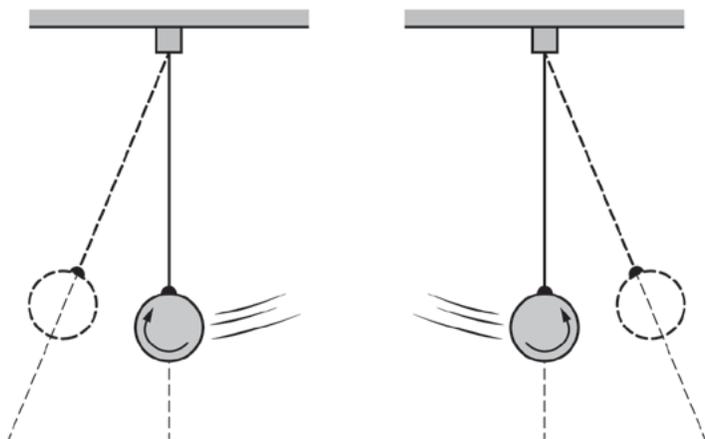
- (C) On the graph above, draw a best-fit line for the data. Then use the line to calculate a numerical value for the gravitational acceleration g .



- (D) The graph above shows the angle θ from the vertical as a function of time for the pendulum. On the axes below, sketch a graph of the gravitational potential energy of the sphere-Earth system for the same time interval. Take the zero of potential energy to be when the potential energy has its a minimum value.



- (E) As the sphere swings back and forth, it must also rotate a small amount during each swing. The figures below indicate the direction that the sphere rotates as it is swinging in each direction.



In order for the sphere's rotation to change direction, a torque must be exerted on the sphere. When the sphere is at its maximum rightward displacement, what is the direction of the torque exerted on the sphere with respect to the point of attachment between the sphere and string?

Clockwise Counterclockwise

Briefly state why the torque is in the direction you indicated.