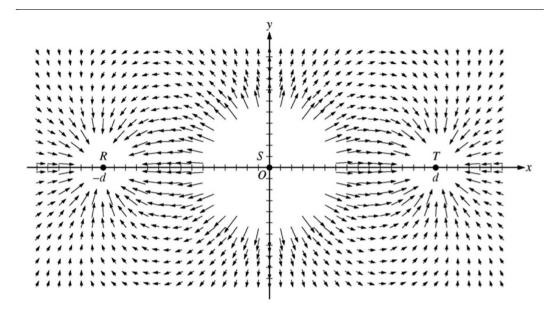
114



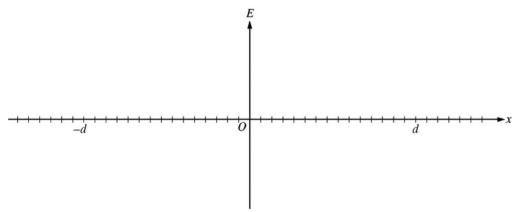
3. The figure above represents the electric field in the vicinity of three small charged objects, R, S, and T. The objects have charges -q, +2q, and -q, respectively, and are located on the x-axis at -d, 0, and d. Field vectors of very large magnitude are omitted for clarity.

(a)

- (i) Briefly describe the characteristics of the field diagram that indicate that the sign of the charges of objects *R* and *T* is negative and that the sign of the charge of object *S* is positive.
- (ii) Briefly describe the characteristics of the field diagram that indicate that the magnitudes of the charges of objects *R* and *T* are equal and that the magnitude of the charge of object *S* is about twice that of objects *R* and *T*.

For the following parts, an electric field directed to the right is defined to be positive.

(b) On the axes below, sketch a graph of the electric field E along the x-axis as a function of position x.



- (c) Write an expression for the electric field E along the x-axis as a function of position x in the region between objects S and T in terms of q, d, and fundamental constants, as appropriate.
- (d) Your classmate tells you there is a point between *S* and *T* where the electric field is zero. Determine whether this statement is true, and explain your reasoning using two of the representations from parts (a), (b), or (c).